

Time Series Lab 3

Apr 28, 2012

- 1.** Simulate the following processes, try different sample sizes and parameter values. Let ε_t be i.i.d. $wn(0, 1)$. You may try different distributions on ε (eg, Gaussian, Student-t, etc.).

- (1) ARCH(1): $w_t = \sigma_t \varepsilon_t$, $\sigma_t^2 = c + aw_{t-1}^2$.
- (2) GARCH(1,1): $w_t = \sigma_t \varepsilon_t$, $\sigma_t^2 = c + aw_{t-1}^2 + b\sigma_{t-1}^2$.
- (3) AR(1)-GARCH(1,1): $X_t = \alpha X_{t-1} + w_t$, $w_t = \sigma_t \varepsilon_t$, $\sigma_t^2 = c + aw_{t-1}^2 + b\sigma_{t-1}^2$.
- (4) ARMA(1,1)-GARCH(1,1): $X_t = \alpha X_{t-1} + w_t + \beta w_{t-1}$, $w_t = \sigma_t \varepsilon_t$, $\sigma_t^2 = c + aw_{t-1}^2 + b\sigma_{t-1}^2$.
- (5) GARCH(1,1)-M: $X_t = \beta \sigma_t + w_t$, $w_t = \sigma_t \varepsilon_t$, $\sigma_t^2 = c + aw_{t-1}^2 + b\sigma_{t-1}^2$.

- 2.** Estimation of GARCH(1,1).

- (1) Simulate the following GARCH(1,1) processes,

$$w_t = \sigma_t \varepsilon_t, \quad \sigma_t^2 = 0.1 + 0.05w_{t-1}^2 + 0.9\sigma_{t-1}^2, \quad t = 1, 2, \dots, n.$$

Let ε_t be i.i.d. $N(0, 1)$.

- (2) Estimate the parameters in the above model.
- (3) Estimate and plot σ_t .
- (4) Estimate ε_t . Conduct diagnostic tests on $\hat{\varepsilon}_t$.

- 3.** Volatility of S&P 500 index return. (Data: Yahoo)

- (1) Obtain daily data from Yahoo. Use the following command:

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SP500 = fetch(yahoo, '^GSPC', '2010/01/01', '2012/04/27', 'd').
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- (2) Fit the daily return with an appropriate GARCH(p, q) model. Plot the estimated volatility.
- (3) Fit the daily return with an appropriate GARCH-M model. Interpret your results.
- (4) Fit the daily return with an appropriate EGARCH model. Interpret your results.